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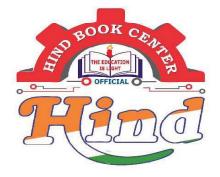
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Reference: Introduction to Algorithm By coreman. (1) Analysis syllabus .: 4 (2) Divide and whquer. y (3) greedy technique y (4) pynamic programming. (5) Hashing & Tree and graph Traversal. (<u>definition</u>: It is a combination of <u>sequence</u> of finite steps to. ()soure à problem. (example: Multiplication of Two Numbers (MTN() S 1 Take 2 no's (a,b). 2. Multiply and b and shore result inc. ((3. return c you which function we have some, we ()3. have to retwen three. Ô · finite steps - finite time should be there (But it doesn't mean white ()Steps always leads to finite time) \bigcirc In white time • Infine steps -· All steps are compulsory, so complication is required, () so finally it can so we the problem. (*) (j printf → c f syntax. cout ---- c+t. Û 9 Properties of Algorithm ()1. It should terminate after finite time. (``) 2. It should produce "atleast" one output (Min^m 1 output) 9 (It should take "o or More input" 3. should be "deterministic" () 4. 11 (different behaviour - Non-deterministic) (_; diterministic- always same answer. (\cdot) (Vinite steps) D actorninestic 3 Ö ayothere. 3 ()b a, 99 20 PS. Non deterministic. í : С 0 Ô

can swap the steps of Algo. so we No dependency Non deterministic --- special case. 5 Steps Required to perign Algorithm: 0 Problem dephilion (knowing problem dearly) 0 - 10 10-1. Algorithm. - pivide and conque $(2\cdot)$ pesign 0 7. greedy restructure 3 \odot pynamic Prog. :) Backhacking ා Branch & Bough (88). Afters ()knowing the problem, Map the problem to the Algorithm Design: existing Augorithm. ()()3. praw you chard (piagramatic superittim) \bigcirc Э 4. Testing and vuification. our prog the Report we made (test cases), should Run for those i [Ps] ()0 coding or implementation -5. 0 Analysis the Algorithm. 6.) operating system ORun - MM (go to Run) 0 process state 8ave - Hared disk \bigcirc Running time -> MM (space complexity). piagnam. vine complexity. \bigcirc ()Design and Analysis of Algorithm. 0 \bigcirc ٢ C Э ٢ Ü 8 O 0 O .)) .) ٢) \bigcirc) \bigcirc 0

ş., Analysis: chapter 1 18 your problem having More than 1 solution, Best one will be idecided by analysis based on ejactors. 1 time complexity (cputime) 111-11 2. Main Memory (space complexity). 11 Ty your problem having only 1 sol"; go with that sol" no nonera og Analysis. compile Time of Prog. Kunning Time of Prog. (Time complexity: (\cdot) required jor Time Prog ~ T(P) = c(P) + R(P)1 of Based on 1 : Based processor. on 4 wmpiles € ୍ତ HIW. Bared on lang. šį w ₩ <u></u> of program. JF-Typeog written Based on language Havedware. () compiler is prog. By asking a question, instead of (By asking a question, asking puestion of compiler ques tion \bigcirc giving anewer, asking. Types of Analysis +postponing the things. \bigcirc Apostiary Analysis. \bigcirc 1. Aprion Analysis 2. ()Apriori з) Abostiary. 9 1) It is independent on lang-c. 1) (1) It is based on (dependend) & type of HW. ंभ on canquage of compile & Type of HIW. <u>_</u> () approximate Answer Exact Answer stwill give exact answer bus we are considering real Idvantage things) system to system aufferent system to system . same ٢ 1 RIS-848. Answer (same ans with diffriend). (8) <u>ر</u>) knower (diffue time) 9 .) "it is Relative knaupsis". Absolute Analysis. Ċ if progus Running yaster Here processor & compiled 3 prog. written in great waicung ' is imp. Acres ÷.) ÷

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Time complexity is tinding Bigger wops. CPU Spending More Time). where give this part to eache Memory 2 80 CPU got to know that it is spending More Time, then program is fast Locality of Reference - cache Menory; Which is More imp) 1 1 ġ Example (4) 9 Main () incrementation. { while (i≤n) ð 0 9 $\begin{array}{c} i = i + 1 \\ i = i + 10 \end{array} \xrightarrow[10]{} \xrightarrow[10]$ 2 $\Rightarrow o(n)$. • . ٩ now many times 100 p us executing 1/10. 9 ()main () 90 pecrementation ≥ i=n 90 while (1>1). \bigcirc 9 $i=i-10 \Rightarrow \frac{m}{10} \Rightarrow o(n)$ ş \bigcirc 1=1-1 **)** () i = i - q3) () 3 3 () 3 9 -× 10 i= -10+10 Ĵ ۲ 121-9 i=10. not incrementing No ducrementing ; 3 17710 injinite 100p الم ال i = i + 3۲ 10 3 \odot 9) \bigcirc ੁ . i 2

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Example:5 Proof main () 1 1264 3 ર 2 26 4 1 0 2 35 4 < 64~ 0 i=1; રૂર while (i≤n) 24 8664 0 3KZM ł 16 6 64 $wg_3gk = wg_3n O$ ३२८६५~ K = Logon 0 i= 2*6 64264.X ak = n \mathbf{O} $\omega g_{2^{k}} = \omega g_{3} n$ 64- 6 Steps 0 K= Wgih - 5 steps. 32-0 - 4 steps 3 16 $m = wg_2 m$. 0 0 3. 0 \bigcirc 0 2+1+3 0 i=2*i i=3*i 65 0 K= wgen 0 0 0 ŧί i=30i 0 1= ર פ×ו 5⊀ו O(wgzon i = ()٢ ເ= ()٢ ()main () $\{while (j \ge 1)\}$ T Ô 3 m ~/s Q. ર્ ۲ (*) m/22 $i=i_{2} \Rightarrow o(log_{1}).$ (_) m/23 ş ()Z Ċ $6/2^{K} =$ ٢ ූ 2K \bigcirc (m = $\log_2 n = K$ $\dot{\mathbf{i}} = \dot{\mathbf{i}} | \mathbf{x}$ $\dot{\mathbf{i}} = \dot{\mathbf{i}} | \mathbf{x}$ 1/24 (\cdot) . 13 ; , i = i/4 \bigcirc wg 24 n.) \bigcirc) \bigcirc Ś \mathbf{O}

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